

Friarage Primary School - History

Topic: Roman Britain

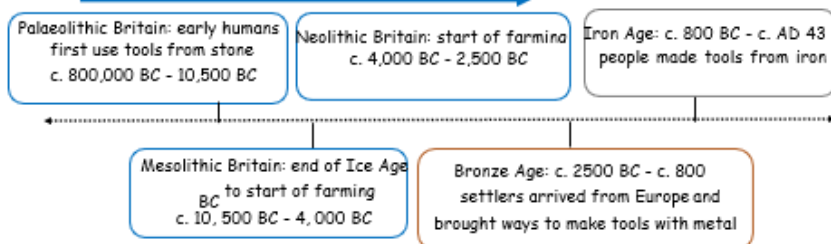
Year: 4

Strand: Movement (Settlement/Migration/Invasion)

What should I already know?

- The Stone Age was when early humans used tools from stone. This is also known as pre-history.
- The Stone Age had three periods - Palaeolithic ('old' Stone Age), Mesolithic ('middle' Stone Age) and Neolithic ('new' Stone Age).
- The Bronze Age was a period in time when humans used tools and weapons made from bronze - it began when the Beaker People arrived from Europe and brought with them new ways of doing things.
- The Iron Age was a period in time when people used tools and weapons made from iron. Settlements became larger as tribes were better able to defend themselves.

Stone Age

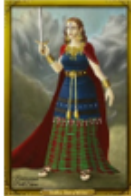


- The United Kingdom is a country in the continent of Europe.
- The four countries of the United Kingdom.
- London is the capital city of England, a country in the United Kingdom.

Important Facts:

- In AD 44, The **Romans** capture Colchester. It is the first **fortress** in **Roman** Britain and made the capital city in AD 49.
- In AD 61, **Queen Boudica** led a **rebellion** against the **Romans**.
- The **Romans** established themselves in Britain and developed:
 - paved straight roads
 - **baths**
 - sewage and water systems
 - architecture
- **Roman** Britain was a **nation** rather than a number of **tribes**.

Vocabulary

archaeologist	someone who studies the past by exploring old remains
artefact	an object from the past that shows evidence of what life was like
emperor	somebody who rules an empire or is the head of state in an empire
empire	a number of individual nations that are all controlled by the government or ruler of one particular country
fortress	a castle or other large strong building, or a well-protected place, which is intended to be difficult for enemies to enter
Invasion	to try and take over a place by force
Queen Boudica	leader of the Iceni tribe who led a rebellion against the Roman invasion. 
raid	a sudden armed attack against a place
rebellion	fighting back and opposing the people who have attacked you
settler/settlement	people who migrate to a new place. When people start a community, this is a settlement
Tribes	a group of people of the same race, language, and customs



emperor



artefacts



Roman Empire

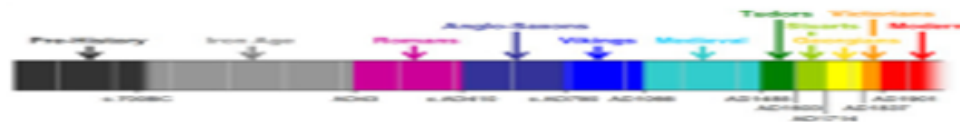


fortress



settlement

British Time Line



Timeline

c. 55-54 BC: Julius Caesar first invades Britain.	c. AD 43: The Romans conquer Britain. This marks the end of the Iron Age.	c. AD 80: Pompeii was destroyed by the volcano, Vesuvius.	c. AD 122: Hadrian's Wall is built to protect against the raiding Northern tribes, the Picts.	c. AD 250: Picts from Scotland, Scots from Ireland, Angles, Saxons and Jutes from Germany and Scandinavia begin to threaten the Romans in Britain.	AD 410: Romans leave Britain to defend Rome which was under attack. Angles, Saxons and Jutes make their way from Germany and South Denmark.
c. 27 BC: Augustus became the first elected emperor.	c. AD 44: The Romans capture Colchester. It is the first fortress in Roman Britain.	c. AD 100: London grows to become an important location in Britain. At the same time, the Colosseum, in Rome, was completed.	c. AD 212: Roman Britain - a plan was created to rule Britain. It is divided into two provinces.	c. AD 314: Christianity becomes legal in the Roman Empire.	